City perspective regarding WSBA caseload standard recommendation

May 30, 2024 | Bainbridge Island Lindsey Hueer, AWC



City Concerns

- Cost →
 - Current estimates range from increase of \$65M to \$400M annually, with average estimate of \$150M increase in annual cost statewide
 - Lack of new revenue options/ability
 - Cost would require cuts to therapeutic courts, diversion programs, peer navigators, crisis response specialists, and other human service programs designed to keep people out of the criminal justice system altogether

• Inadequate workforce \rightarrow

• Particularly challenging in rural areas, exacerbating current challenges of "justice by geography" rather than helping eliminate those issues



City Concerns

- Different current strengths and challenges with misdemeanor cases
- \bullet Creates problems where they do not currently exist ightarrow
 - A requirement for a designated supervising attorney with no caseload is not warranted in all circumstances, such as contract firms where attorneys average > 10 years of experience
 - Some contract firms have relationships with existing local agencies that provide social workers and similar support; there is not a need to have these individuals employed by the law firm

• Dismissal of cases \rightarrow

- More felony level crimes likely to be referred to municipal/district court
- Cities unable to consistently and effectively prosecute misdemeanor cases including DV Assault IV, DUI, and others



What cities need from the legislature

• Partnership to increase workforce

- Law student loan forgiveness, additional internship programs, etc.
- Related staffing, including social workers and prosecutors
- Support city efforts to implement best practices including therapeutic courts, diversion programs, and co-responder teams
- Funding and revenue tools



Questions?

