#### January 2023

## Gov. Jay Inslee's Proposed 2023-25 Operating Budget

David Schumacher Director



## **Budget priorities and challenges**

#### **Budget priorities**

- Pressing needs and continuing what we started
- Stabilize agencies' ability to provide services
- Invest in housing and homelessness, behavioral health, education, public safety, climate and salmon recovery

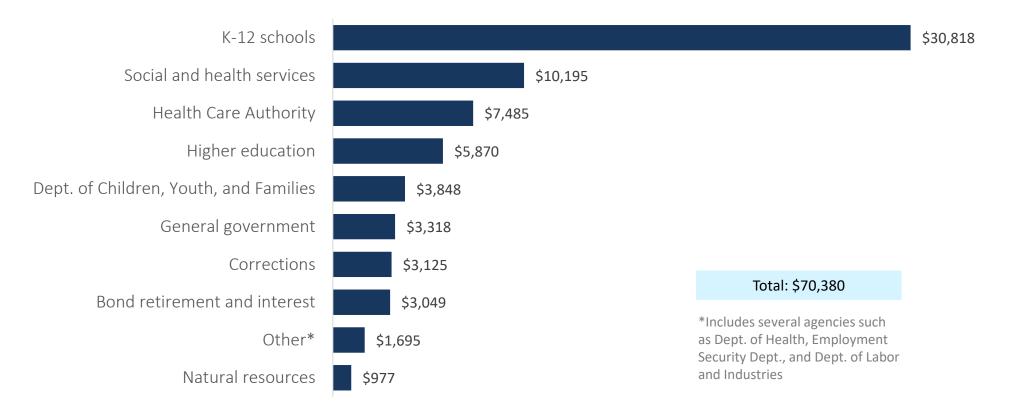
#### Challenges

- Federal COVID-19 relief funding winds down
- Caseloads/enrollments rebound
- Inflation is driving up costs
- Economic uncertainty
- Recruitment/retention concerns

#### **Governor's proposed 2023-25 biennial budget**

#### 2023-25 Omnibus operating budget funds subject to outlook

Dollars in millions



#### 2023-25 proposed budget – Incremental increases from 2021-23 (2022 supplemental)

#### K-12 schools \$3,050 Social and health services \$2,549 Health Care Authority \$799 Higher education \$755 Dept. of Children, Youth, and Families \$1,516 General government \$953 Corrections \$813 \*Includes several agencies such as Dept. of Bond retirement and interest \$439 Health, Employment Security Dept., and Dept. of Labor and Industries. (Does not Other\* \$170 reflect 2022 supplemental special appropriations, which included large transfers Natural resources \$69 from the general fund to the transportation and capital budgets.)

#### Dollars in millions

# More than \$1.3 billion in *operating and capital* budgets to reduce homelessness and increase supply of affordable housing

- Rapidly acquire affordable housing, enhanced shelters, permanent supportive services
- Construct affordable housing units
- Transition people encamped on public rights of way to permanent housing solutions
- Help communities plan for and accommodate their housing needs for all income levels over the next 20 years
- Speed up housing development statewide
- Provide assistance for homeownership to address equity
- Fund permanent supportive housing that pairs long-term rental assistance with case management and support services
- Additional funding for temporary rental assistance and essential needs (HEN)
- Maintain existing shelter beds and shelter operations that would otherwise be lost

#### **Continue transforming and expanding behavioral health services**

- Increase behavioral health workforce and provider rates
- Enhance crisis services
- Prevent opioid addiction and enhance treatment services
- Increase rates for hospitals and Children's Long-term Inpatient Program (CLIP) facilities
- Community civil conversions to address waitlist for forensic beds at Western State Hospital
- Fund ongoing staff and operations for Maple Lane and Vancouver facilities
- Expand implementation in third phase of the Trueblood v. DSHS settlement agreement

#### K-12 education

- Social and emotional supports (counselors, nurses, social workers, psychologists)
- Special education cap and multiplier
- Enhance outdoor education and climate science curriculum
- K-12 compensation increase
- Student nutrition
- Future teacher residency
- Peer mentoring

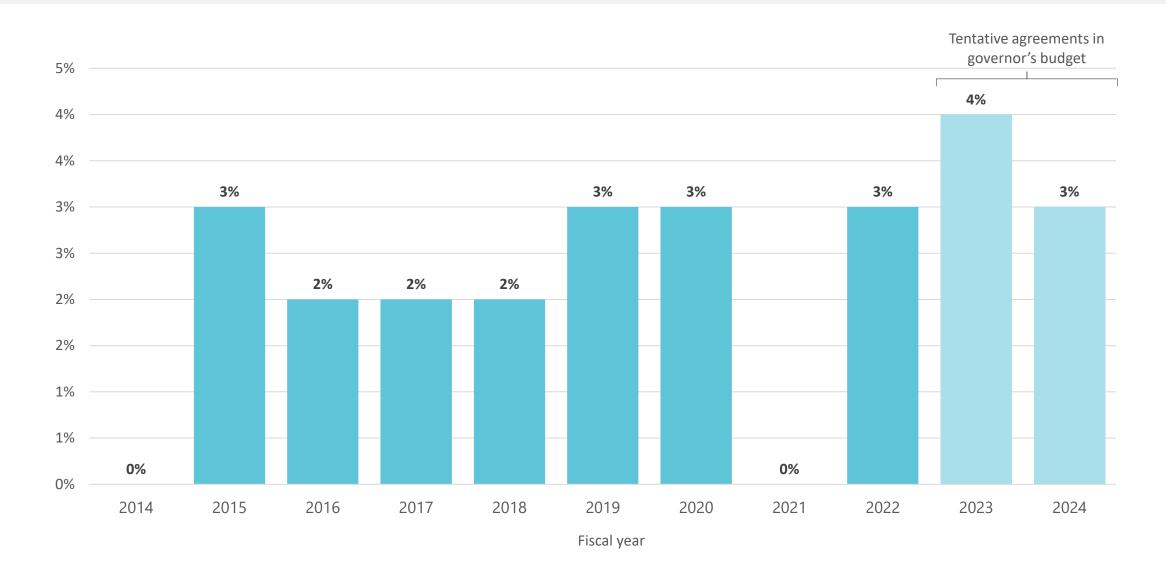
#### > Early learning

- 40% rate increase for school- and working-day slots
- 4,000 new slots
- Tribal early learning grants

#### Adapting to changing workforce trends and challenges

- State agencies face increased challenges to recruit and retain workers
- Staffing shortages hamper our ability to provide vital services, jeopardize safety for those in the state's care as well as state employees
- 4% / 3% general wage increases for most state employees
- Targeted increases for certain hard-to-fill or high-turnover positions
- Compensation and provider rate increases make up nearly half of new spending

#### **General wage adjustments since 2014**



#### Combat climate change, grow clean-energy economy

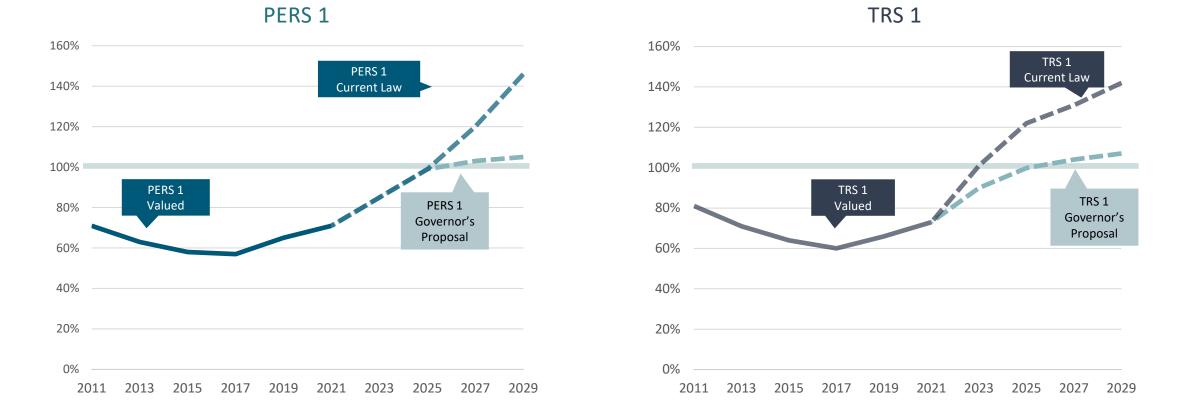
- Invest \$365 million in Climate Commitment Act revenues in operating budget
- Advance environmental justice
- Improve clean energy siting and permitting
- Decarbonize buildings
- Support climate action and clean energy workforce
- Build climate resiliency

#### **Protect and restore salmon populations**

- Protect and restore riparian habitat
- Invest in clean water by reducing impacts from tire dust and other contaminates
- Correct fish passage barriers and restore access to historical habitat
- Manage and study pinniped predation
- Align harvest and hatcheries with salmon recovery

#### PERS 1/TRS 1 projected to reach 100% funding under governor's budget

Funded ratio for PERS 1 and TRS 1, valued and projected by biennium

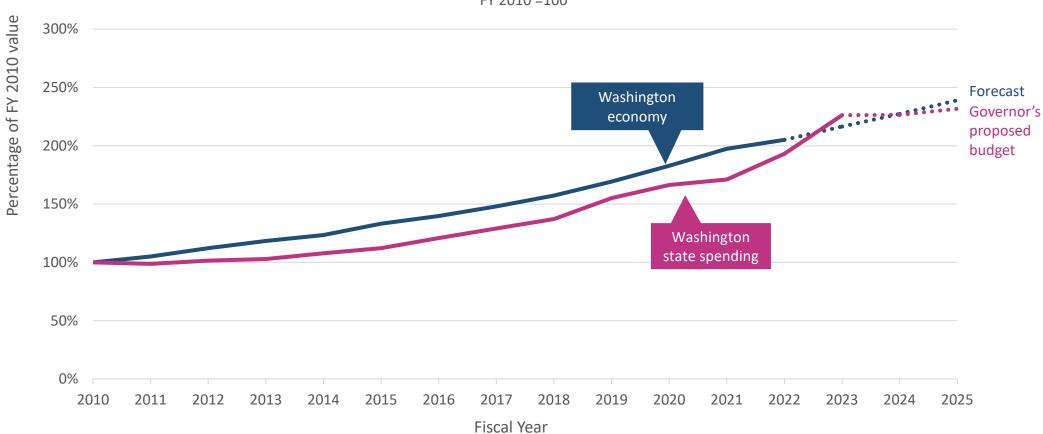


Note: Projections are based on known investment returns through June 30, 2022. Actual results will vary from these projections. Source for projections: Estimate provided by the Office of the State Actuary at OFM's request. Source for historical data: <u>fiscal.wa.gov/actuarydata.aspx</u>

#### Tax relief for 400,000 Washington families

- Working Families Tax Credit starts next month
- Provides up to \$1,200 to more than 400,000 families
- Projected to cost about \$500 million per biennium

### State spending has closely tracked the growth of the economy



Washington economy (personal income) vs state spending (NGF-O) since FY 2010

FY 2010 =100

For more information:

# ofm.wa.gov



