Proposed Substitute House Bill 2167 (H-3109.5)

By Rep. Tarleton

Brief Summary

• Imposes an additional 1.2 percent business and occupation tax on specified financial institutions.

Background

- Washington's major business tax is the business and occupation (B&O) tax.
- A taxpayer may have more than one B&O tax rate, depending on the types of activities conducted.
- Major B&O tax rates are 0.471 percent for retailing; 0.484 percent for manufacturing, wholesaling, and extracting; and 1.5 percent for services and for activities not classified elsewhere.
- Financial institutions are subject to the 1.5 percent service and other B&O tax rate.

Summary of PSHB 2167

Beginning on January 1, 2020, an additional B&O tax is imposed on specified financial institutions.

- The tax is equal to the taxpayer's gross taxable service and other income multiplied by 1.2 percent.
- The effective B&O tax rate for specified financial institutions will be:
 - If 2SHB 2158 is adopted by the Legislature, 3 percent:
 - 1.5 percent service and other B&O tax rate;
 - 1.2 the additional B&O tax established in this bill; and
 - 0.3 percent Workforce Education Investment Assessment.
 - If 2SHB 2158 does not pass, 2.7 percent:
 - 1.5 percent service and other B&O tax rate; and
 - 1.2 the additional B&O tax established in this bill.

A specified financial institution is a financial institution that is a member of a consolidated financial institution group that reported on its consolidated financial statement for the previous calendar year annual net income of at least one billion dollars, not including net income attributable to noncontrolling interests, as the terms "net income" and "noncontrolling interest" are used in the consolidated financial statement.

Revenue generated from the additional B&O tax on specified financial institutions must be deposited in the State General Fund.

BILL REQUEST - CODE REVISER'S OFFICE

BILL REQ. #: H-3109.5/19 5th draft

ATTY/TYPIST: JA:lel

BRIEF DESCRIPTION: Concerning tax revenue.

1 AN ACT Relating to tax revenue; adding a new section to chapter 2 82.04 RCW; and creating a new section.

3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that in the decade 4 5 since the great recession, some economic sectors have rebounded, 6 stronger than ever, while many Washington families struggle to afford 7 basic necessities, all while also carrying the burden of funding 8 schools and essential services. The wealth disparity in the country 9 between the wealthy few and the lowest income families is wider than 10 in any other developed nation and continues to grow. Additionally, 11 Washington's tax system disproportionately impacts those with the 12 least ability to pay. As a percentage of household income, middle-13 income families in Washington pay two to four times the amount of taxes as compared to top earners in the state. Low-income Washington 14 15 families pay six times more in taxes than the wealthiest residents. 16 The legislature concludes that those wealthy few who have profited 17 the most from the recent economic expansion can contribute to the 18 essential services and programs all Washington families need.

19NEW SECTION.Sec. 2.A new section is added to chapter 82.0420RCW to read as follows:

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1 (1) Beginning January 1, 2020, in addition to any other taxes 2 imposed under this chapter, an additional tax is imposed on specified 3 financial institutions. The additional tax is equal to the gross 4 income of the business taxable under RCW 82.04.290(2) multiplied by 5 the rate of 1.2 percent.

6 (2) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this 7 section unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

(a) "Affiliated" means a person that directly or indirectly, 8 through one or more intermediaries, controls, is controlled by, or is 9 under common control with another person. For purposes of this 10 11 subsection (2)(a), "control" means the possession, directly or indirectly, of more than fifty percent of the power to direct or 12 cause the direction of the management and policies of a person, 13 14 whether through the ownership of voting shares, by contract, or 15 otherwise.

16 (b) "Consolidated financial institution group" means all 17 financial institutions that are affiliated with each other.

18 (c) "Consolidated financial statement" means a consolidated 19 financial institution group's consolidated reports of condition and 20 income filed with the federal financial institutions examination 21 council, or successor agency.

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(d) "Financial institution" means:

(i) Any corporation or other business entity chartered under Titles 30A, 30B, 31, 32, and 33 RCW, or registered under the federal bank holding company act of 1956, as amended, or registered as a savings and loan holding company under the federal national housing act, as amended;

(ii) A national bank organized and existing as a national bank association pursuant to the provisions of the national bank act, 12 U.S.C. Sec. 21 et seq.;

31 (iii) A savings association or federal savings bank as defined in 32 the federal deposit insurance act, 12 U.S.C. Sec. 1813 (b)(1);

33 (iv) Any bank or thrift institution incorporated or organized 34 under the laws of any state;

35 (v) Any corporation organized under the provisions of 12 U.S.C. 36 Sec. 611 through 631;

37 (vi) Any agency or branch of a foreign depository as defined in
38 12 U.S.C. Sec. 3101 that is not exempt under RCW 82.04.315;

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(vii) A production credit association organized under the federal
 farm credit act of 1933, all of whose stock held by the federal
 production credit corporation has been retired;

4 (viii) Any corporation or other business entity who receives 5 gross income taxable under RCW 82.04.290, and whose voting interests 6 are more than fifty percent owned, directly or indirectly, by any 7 person or business entity described in (d)(i) through (vii) of this 8 subsection other than an insurance company liable for the insurance 9 premiums tax under RCW 48.14.020 or any other company taxable under 10 chapter 48.14 RCW;

(ix) (A) A corporation or other business entity that receives more than fifty percent of its total gross income for federal income tax purposes from finance leases. For purposes of this subsection, a "finance lease" means a lease that meets two requirements:

(I) It is the type of lease permitted to be made by national banks (see 12 U.S.C. Sec. 24(7) and (10), comptroller of the currency regulations, part 23, leasing (added by 56 C.F.R. Sec. 28314, June 20, 1991, effective July 22, 1991), and regulation Y of the federal reserve system 12 C.F.R. Part 225.25, as amended); and

(II) It is the economic equivalent of an extension of credit, i.e., the lease is treated by the lessor as a loan for federal income tax purposes. In no event does a lease qualify as an extension of credit where the lessor takes depreciation on such property for federal income tax purposes.

(B) For this classification to apply, the average of the gross
income in the current tax year and immediately preceding two tax
years must satisfy the more than fifty percent requirement;

(x) Any other person or business entity, other than an insurance 28 29 general agent taxable under RCW 82.04.280(1)(e), an insurance business exempt from the business and occupation tax under RCW 30 82.04.320, a real estate broker taxable under RCW 82.04.255, a 31 securities dealer or international investment management company 32 taxable under RCW 82.04.290(2), that receives more than fifty percent 33 of its gross receipts from activities that a person described in 34 35 (d) (ii) through (vii) and (ix) of this subsection is authorized to 36 transact.

37 (e)(i) "Specified financial institution" means a financial 38 institution that is a member of a consolidated financial institution 39 group that reported on its consolidated financial statement for the 40 previous calendar year annual net income of at least one billion 40 Code Rev/JA:lel 3 H-3109.5/19 5th draft 1 dollars, not including net income attributable to noncontrolling 2 interests, as the terms "net income" and "noncontrolling interest" 3 are used in the consolidated financial statement.

4 (ii) If financial institutions are no longer required to file 5 consolidated financial statements, "specified financial institution" 6 means any person that was subject to the additional tax in this 7 section in at least two of the previous four calendar years.

8 (3) The department must notify the fiscal committees of the 9 legislature if financial institutions are no longer required to file 10 consolidated financial statements.

(4) To aid in the effective administration of the additional tax 11 12 imposed in this section, the department may require a person believed to be a specified financial institution to disclose whether it is a 13 member of a consolidated financial institution group and, if so, to 14 identify all other members of its consolidated financial institution 15 16 group. A person failing to comply with this subsection is deemed to 17 have intended to evade tax payable under this section and is subject to the penalty in 82.32.090(7) on any tax due under this section by 18 the person and any financial institution affiliated with the person. 19

20 (5) Taxes collected under this section must be deposited into the 21 general fund.

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