

FINAL BILL REPORT

ESHB 1259

Synopsis as Enacted

C 243 L 93

Brief Description: Allowing for the destruction of forfeited firearms.

By House Committee on Judiciary (originally sponsored by Representatives Locke, Appelwick, J. Kohl, Wang, Reams, Veloria, Johanson, L. Johnson, Flemming and Pruitt).

House Committee on Judiciary
Senate Committee on Law & Justice

Background: Firearms possessed or used in certain illegal ways may be seized by a law enforcement agency and ordered forfeited by a court.

When firearms are forfeited, firearms illegal for any person to possess must be destroyed if a court so orders. A maximum of 10 percent of forfeited firearms may be retained by a law enforcement agency for agency use. The remaining forfeited firearms, along with firearms no longer needed by the law enforcement agency, are to be auctioned to commercial sellers once a year if an agency has accumulated at least 10 firearms authorized for sale. For efficiency, law enforcement agencies may conduct joint auctions.

After the law enforcement agency deducts its costs, including actual costs of storage and sale, the agency forwards the auction proceeds to the Department of Wildlife for use in the Hunter Safety Program.

Some law enforcement agencies have declined to auction forfeited firearms.

Summary: By midnight, June 30, 1993, each law enforcement agency other than the Washington State Patrol must prepare an inventory of all firearms in the agency's possession that have been, or may be, forfeited.

The law enforcement agency must destroy every illegal firearm in the inventory and may retain 10 percent of the legal firearms for agency use. Of the remaining firearms in the inventory, the law enforcement agency must either:

- (1) comply with the auction provisions of the statute in effect immediately preceding the effective date of the act; or
- (2) trade or auction forfeited firearms not needed for evidence. Net auction proceeds must be forwarded to the state firearms range account. Further, for every short firearm the law enforcement agency neither trades nor auctions, the agency must pay a \$25 fee to the state treasurer, to a maximum of \$50,000. The state treasurer is to credit the fees to the firearms range account.

Regarding firearms coming into a law enforcement agency's possession after June 30, 1993, if the law enforcement agency has complied with the disposal requirements for firearms in its possession by June 30, the legislative authority in which jurisdiction the law enforcement agency is located may dispose of forfeited firearms not needed for evidence, except antiques, in any manner it chooses. Antique firearms, curios, relics, and firearms of particular historical significance must be auctioned or traded to commercial sellers. The legislative authority may keep the proceeds of an auction or trade.

Forfeited firearms in the possession of the Washington State Patrol on or after the effective date of the act, that are not needed for evidence, must be disposed of as follows:

- (1) Firearms illegal for any person to possess must be destroyed;
- (2) The Washington State Patrol may retain a maximum of 10 percent of legal firearms for agency use; and
- (3) All other legal firearms must be auctioned or traded to commercial sellers.

The Washington State Patrol may keep any proceeds of an auction or trade.

Votes on Final Passage:

House	71	27	
Senate	46	2	(Senate amended)
House	67	29	(House concurred)

Effective: May 7, 1993