- WAC 172-125-305 Administration and records. (1) Authority and interpretation. The board of trustees of Eastern Washington University, acting under the authority granted by RCW 28B.35.120, has established this code for addressing concerns of discrimination by students. The responsibility for enforcement of this code rests with the university president and is further delegated to the vice president for student affairs and Title IX coordinator. Any questions regarding the interpretation or application of this code are referred to the Title IX coordinator for final determination. This code is not intended to protect any person or class of persons from injury or harm.
- (2) Records of resolution and grievance procedures. Records relating to complaints, supportive measures, informal resolutions, investigations, conduct proceedings, sanctions, and remedies under this chapter shall be kept by the Title IX office for seven years from conclusion of a proceeding. Records pertaining to sanctions must also be maintained by the office of student rights and responsibilities for seven years from the conclusion of a proceeding.
 - (3) Confidentiality of student disciplinary records.
- (a) Student disciplinary records are confidential and shall be treated consistently with the requirements of the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) and applicable law. Disciplinary records shall be maintained in accordance with the university's records retention schedule.
- (b) Release of student disciplinary records. The university shall not communicate a student's disciplinary record to any person or agency outside the university without the prior written consent of the student, except as required or permitted by law. Exceptions include, but are not limited to:
- (i) The student's parents or legal guardians may review these records as permitted by FERPA (20 U.S.C. Sec. 1232g; 34 C.F.R. Part 99).
- (ii) Release to another educational institution, upon request, where the student seeks or intends to enroll, as allowed by FERPA (20 U.S.C. Sec. 1232g; 34 C.F.R. Part 99).
- (iii) In response to a judicial order or a lawfully issued subpoena.
- (iv) The university shall release information related to disciplinary records to complainants or other persons as required by Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act, and other state and federal laws.
- (v) Disciplinary records will be made available to hearing councils and university personnel as needed for legitimate educational purposes.
- (vi) A student may authorize release of their own disciplinary record to a third party in compliance with FERPA (20 U.S.C. Sec. 1232g; 34 C.F.R. Part 99) by providing a written consent to student rights and responsibilities.
- (vii) Any student may review his/her own disciplinary records by contacting student rights and responsibilities.
- (viii) A student may obtain a copy of their disciplinary record by making a written request to student rights and responsibilities. The university may charge the student a reasonable amount to cover copying expenses.
- (ix) The university may disclose to a student's parents a violation of any federal, state, or local law, or of any university policy or rules regarding use or possession of alcohol or a controlled sub-

stance so long as the student is under the age of 21 at the time of the disclosure to the parent.

- (c) When disciplinary records are released, personally identifiable information may be redacted to protect the privacy of others as permitted by law.
- (d) Supportive measures. The university will keep any supportive measures provided to the complainant or respondent confidential to the extent that maintaining such confidentiality will not impair the ability of the university to provide the supportive measures.

(4) Holds.

- (a) Types of holds. Holds placed on a student's academic records may prevent admission, registration, graduation, or other academic activities. Holds may also restrict access to transcripts, grades, or other academic records.
- (b) Discretionary holds: The director or presiding officer may place a hold on a student's academic records in either of the following situations:
- (i) Pending the student's satisfactory completion of any sanctions imposed under this code; or
- (ii) If the student fails to respond to any properly delivered notice under this code.
- (c) Required holds: The director shall place a hold on a student's academic record if the student is the respondent to a violation of the conduct code and has withdrawn from the university, or if the student withdraws from the university after a complaint is filed against the student. A hold is also required if a student is subject to a pending student conduct complaint at the time of graduation. This hold shall remain in place until the allegation or complaint is resolved.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 28B.35.120(12), Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, 42 U.S.C. § 2000d et seq., Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, 20 U.S.C. § 1681 et seq., section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, Americans with Disability Act of 1990, 42 U.S.C. § 12101 et seq., and chapter 28B.112 RCW. WSR 24-22-048, s 172-125-305, filed 10/28/24, effective 11/28/24.]