RCW 62A.9A-628 Nonliability and limitation on liability of secured party; liability of secondary obligor. (Effective until January 1, 2024.) (a) Limitation of liability of secured party for noncompliance with article. Unless a secured party knows that a person is a debtor or obligor, knows the identity of the person, and knows how to communicate with the person:

- (1) The secured party is not liable to the person, or to a secured party or lienholder that has filed a financing statement against the person, for failure to comply with this Article; and
- (2) The secured party's failure to comply with this Article does not affect the liability of the person for a deficiency.
- (b) Limitation of liability based on status as secured party. A secured party is not liable because of its status as secured party:
- (1) To a person that is a debtor or obligor, unless the secured party knows:
 - (A) That the person is a debtor or obligor;
 - (B) The identity of the person; and
 - (C) How to communicate with the person; or
- (2) To a secured party or lienholder that has filed a financing statement against a person, unless the secured party knows:
 - (A) That the person is a debtor; and
 - (B) The identity of the person.
- (c) Limitation of liability if reasonable belief that transaction not a consumer-goods transaction or consumer transaction. A secured party is not liable to any person, and a person's liability for a deficiency is not affected, because of any act or omission arising out of the secured party's reasonable belief that a transaction is not a consumer-goods transaction or a consumer transaction or that goods are not consumer goods, if the secured party's belief is based on its reasonable reliance on:
- (1) A debtor's representation concerning the purpose for which collateral was to be used, acquired, or held; or
- (2) An obligor's representation concerning the purpose for which a secured obligation was incurred.
- (d) Limitation of liability for statutory damages. A secured party is not liable to any person under RCW 62A.9A-625(c)(2) for its failure to comply with RCW 62A.9A-616.
- (e) Limitation of multiple liability for statutory damages. A secured party is not liable under RCW 62A.9A-625(c)(2) more than once with respect to any one secured obligation. [2011 c 74 \S 727; 2001 c 32 \S 45; 2000 c 250 \S 9A-628.]

Application—Effective date—2011 c 74: See notes following RCW 62A.9A-102.

Effective date—2001 c 32: See note following RCW 62A.9A-102.

RCW 62A.9A-628 Nonliability and limitation on liability of secured party; liability of secondary obligor. (Effective January 1, 2024.) (a) Limitation of liability of secured party for noncompliance with article. Subject to subsection (f) of this section, unless a secured party knows that a person is a debtor or obligor, knows the identity of the person, and knows how to communicate with the person:

- (1) The secured party is not liable to the person, or to a secured party or lienholder that has filed a financing statement against the person, for failure to comply with this Article; and
- (2) The secured party's failure to comply with this Article does not affect the liability of the person for a deficiency.
- (b) Limitation of liability based on status as secured party. Subject to subsection (f) of this section, a secured party is not liable because of its status as secured party:
- (1) To a person that is a debtor or obligor, unless the secured party knows:
 - (A) That the person is a debtor or obligor;
 - (B) The identity of the person; and
 - (C) How to communicate with the person; or
- (2) To a secured party or lienholder that has filed a financing statement against a person, unless the secured party knows:
 - (A) That the person is a debtor; and
 - (B) The identity of the person.
- (c) Limitation of liability if reasonable belief that transaction not a consumer-goods transaction or consumer transaction. A secured party is not liable to any person, and a person's liability for a deficiency is not affected, because of any act or omission arising out of the secured party's reasonable belief that a transaction is not a consumer-goods transaction or a consumer transaction or that goods are not consumer goods, if the secured party's belief is based on its reasonable reliance on:
- (1) A debtor's representation concerning the purpose for which collateral was to be used, acquired, or held; or
- (2) An obligor's representation concerning the purpose for which a secured obligation was incurred.
- (d) Limitation of liability for statutory damages. A secured party is not liable to any person under RCW 62A.9A-625(c)(2) for its failure to comply with RCW 62A.9A-616.
- (e) Limitation of multiple liability for statutory damages. A secured party is not liable under RCW 62A.9A-625(c)(2) more than once with respect to any one secured obligation.
- (f) Exception: Limitation of liability under subsections (a) and (b) of this section does not apply. Subsections (a) and (b) of this section do not apply to limit the liability of a secured party to a person if, at the time the secured party obtains control of collateral that is a controllable account, controllable electronic record, or controllable payment intangible or at the time the security interest attaches to the collateral, whichever is later:
 - (1) The person is a debtor or obligor; and
- (2) The secured party knows that the information in subsection (b)(1)(A), (B), or (C) of this section relating to the person is not provided by the collateral, a record attached to or logically associated with the collateral, or the system in which the collateral is recorded. [2023 c 266 \S 950; 2011 c 74 \S 727; 2001 c 32 \S 45; 2000 c 250 \S 9A-628.]

Construction—Effective date—2023 c 266: See notes following RCW 62A.12-101.

Application—Effective date—2011 c 74: See notes following RCW 62A.9A-102.

Effective date—2001 c 32: See note following RCW 62A.9A-102.